

BY TELEGRAPH.

EUROPE.

THE SULTAN ALARMS EUROPE—EXCITEMENT IN SPAIN—INSURRECTION IN ITALY—COMPLETE SUBJECTION OF CRETE—PASSENGERS OF THE HIBERNIA A.D. BURESSIA.

LONDON, January 9.—The firm attitude of the Sultan excites alarm.

Madrid dispatches report much excitement in Spain.

There is said to be an insurrection in Milan. Mail advices from Candia confirm the complete submission of the Cretons to the Turks.

Thirty-nine of the missing passengers and crew of the steamship Hibernia are on the Ocean Spray, bound for New York.

The passengers of the Buressia, which is reported off Portsmouth, England, with a broken shaft, have all been safely landed at Hamburg.

WASHINGTON.

EVIDENCE AGAINST BUSTED—PROGRESS IN THE CASES OF VIRGINIA, GEORGIA AND MISSISSIPPI—CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

WASHINGTON, January 9.—The announcement that the Election Committee had determined to report adversely on the claims of both Christy and Wimpy, contestants from Georgia, was premature.

Mr. Cuthbert, clerk in Judge Busted's Court in Alabama, testifies to falsifications of the record.

The Virginia Committee were in secret session to-day.

There will be a meeting of the managers of the Peabody fund in Baltimore on Wednesday, at which General Grant will be present.

The receipts from customs from the 21st ult. to the 31st ult., inclusive, were \$3,111,000.

The Reconstruction Committee gave the Mississippi case attention to-day. The Georgia case will be considered by the committee of both Houses on Monday.

The Virginia committee have had several interviews with leading Congressmen, who manifest a desire to learn their views. They will have another private meeting to-night.

AFFAIRS IN VIRGINIA.

RADICAL OPPOSITION TO THE UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE AND UNIVERSAL AMNESTY MOVEMENT—OBSERVANCES OF HON. JOHN MINOR BOTTS.

RICHMOND, January 9.—As an offset to the operations of the Virginia committee in Washington, the State Grant and Colfax Association have adopted a memorial to Congress asking that, in view of the deceptions practiced by persons whose political disabilities have been removed, no further steps be taken in that direction until the applicants have proved, in the coming election, that they favor reconstruction by voting for it. A committee is to be sent to Washington to oppose the amnesty movement.

The remains of the Hon. John Minor Botts arrived here this evening, and are laid to state in the Senate Chamber. A meeting was held in the capital to-night, which was presided over by the Mayor, and at which resolutions in regard to his death were offered by Judge Alexander Rives and adopted. Eulogies were pronounced by Governor Wells and Hon. L. S. Chandler. He will be buried to-morrow afternoon.

RICHMOND, January 10.—Hon. John Minor Botts was buried this afternoon. The funeral services were performed at St. James Church. The State officials and the Grant and Colfax Association were in the procession, and a very large crowd of freedmen followed the remains to the cemetery.

TERRIBLE EARTHQUAKE.

MANY PERSONS KILLED AND BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 10.—A letter from Colima, Mexico, dated December 21, reports a severe earthquake. The cathedral and other brick buildings were cracked from top to bottom, and several persons were killed by the falling walls of the National Hotel. At Manacillo, the cathedral buildings, which were a century old, were destroyed, and twenty persons were killed by the falling walls of the American Hotel. The volcano of Colima is active.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Lieutenant-Governor Gleason, of Florida, has resigned the presidency of the Senate, and the resignation has been accepted by the Senate.

It is reported that a white man, named Up-ton, and three negroes, who had confessed the murder of Martin and his two sisters, have been taken from the jail at Appling, Ga., and lynched.

The funeral of General Rousseau, in New Orleans, on Saturday, was conducted with great pomp and solemnity. A large military and civil escort accompanied the body to the tomb, and all the public offices were closed, as well as most of the places of business along the line of march.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

The Mandamus Issued—Proceedings of the Senate and House—Senator Leslie on the Militia Bill—What the Bill is and what its effects must be.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

COLUMBIA, S. C., January 9, 1869.—The writ of mandamus has been granted by the Justices of the Supreme Court, and orders the Acting Board of Aldermen to make return and certify perfect obedience thereto on or before the 20th inst.

IN THE SENATE, on Friday, the following accounts and petitions were presented and referred to the Committee on Claims:

By Mr. Corbin. Petition of Francis Weston, executor and trustee under the will of Paul Weston, praying for the renewal of certain bonds of the State. Petition of Richard L. North, executor of Elliott North, for the renewal of certain State bonds.

By Mr. Maxwell. Accounts of John R. Brevington and Abel Quick, for services rendered as Commissioners of Election for Marlboro' County; also, the account of Wm. Hanner, for services rendered as magistrate.

By Mr. Lantry. Account of William Sims, for advances made to certain paupers in Darlington County.

By Mr. Nash. Account of Mrs. S. C. Bailey, for services rendered as teacher.

Wright presented the petitions and memorials of sundry citizens of Beaufort County, praying a division of said county; also, a communication from several members of the bar of Beaufort County on the same subject; also, a statement of his Honor Judge Z. Platt. Referred to the Committee on Incorporations.

The following bills received their first reading:

From the House to alter and amend an act entitled "An act to authorize the sale of the Columbia Canal."

By Mr. Aram. Bill to incorporate the Vanouse Manufacturing Company in Edgefield County.

By Mr. Lunny. Bill to increase the salaries of the Justices of the Supreme Court and of the Circuit Judges.

Mr. Hayes gave notice of a bill to amend an act entitled "An act to establish certain roads, bridges and ferries, and to renew the charters of certain others."

WRIGHT GAVE NOTICE OF A BILL TO REGULATE THE

business of insurance companies not incorporated in the State of South Carolina.

Mr. Johnson, from the Committee on the Removal of Political Disabilities, to whom was referred the petition of J. L. Linder, J. W. Linder and Dr. C. M. Rivers, reported back the same, with a recommendation that the prayers of the petitioners be granted, and not accompanied by a concurrent resolution, and that the General Assembly recommend to the Congress of the United States the removal of their political disabilities. Ordered for consideration on Monday.

Hayne, of the special committee on the penitentiary, submitted the following report, which was ordered for consideration on Monday:

The special committee on the penitentiary, to whom was referred the message of His Excellency R. B. Scott, Governor, relative to the South Carolina Penitentiary, have considered the same, and beg leave to report:

That they fully concur with His Excellency in the view of the penitentiary as necessary to the protection of the public interest. Now that his Excellency has come to this conclusion, they venture to hope that the change he has effected will be a permanent one.

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THOSE COUNTIES, TRAVELLING ALL OVER THE DISTRICTS.

The good people of those counties owe it to themselves to make the country too hot for such infernal scoundrels, and if the State Council has not done enough, I will vote the last man and the last dollar to bring those desperadoes to justice, and if we cannot get enough men here we will get them from New York or Ireland to get the men.

Let us strengthen the State Constable. We mean these desperadoes shall not interpose or interfere to prevent the execution of the laws and to threaten officers with their lives. We mean to do so as to act as to foreclose forever the idea that the militia is needed in this State. Let us all resolve and re-solve that every man at the North shall understand that the people of South Carolina are at peace with the world, and that the Southern States, and South Carolina in particular, is the Alpha and Omega of America. If this policy shall be sustained, and if we will give the State Constable's sufficient force, if it takes all the men in the State, to follow and pursue the men who are disturbing the peace in the Counties of Edgefield, Abbeville and Newberry; and if the people of those counties South Carolina with that class men and hide and shield them, let them understand that there shall not be a living man in all that locality, not a house, not a thing, be left to shelter a desperado.

We can organize a mounted force, if necessary. If the conservative people of those counties do not want this war brought home to their own doors, and if good laws are made, the Governor and the officers of the government, in a constitutional way.

The people may depend upon it that their bill, if it shall then pass, will be a modified form of the bill, and no exception can be made. I believe it is one of those sort of things that will do to keep, and that the best militia, in my judgment, that we could have, is the militia for this Legislature to vote wise and just laws.

If I was one of those roaming characters of Edgefield, I could kill every Republican in this State before you could get the militia or organized under the bill. If you want quick work, offer a resolution that the Governor issue a proclamation calling upon all the fair-minded men of Edgefield, Abbeville and Newberry and everywhere, to rally round the militia, and to proceed in the manner as they are made, promising on our part to enact and maintain such laws as will operate fairly upon all people.

The speaker, in conclusion, gave a graphic description of old militia musters and said that he did not want militia in South Carolina if it could be avoided. They had them once, the pride of the State, and used to boast upon their honor and valor. But General Sherman, in his march, took them all up and sent them to the sea. He took them to Hart Island, from whence but few returned to tell what had been done with them.

In New York militia regiments are on a different footing. They are partly political organizations, and the splendor of their equipments would bankrupt any reasonable man in South Carolina. But imagine a thousand white men and a thousand negroes mastered for war, and the everlasting fight before they are dismissed, you can do a great deal more than I can.

This is a bill of abominations, a jargon, a bill to create office and not a bill for protection at all. It would turn out nothing but a tax-paying machine, a heavy burden upon the people, and a constant evil in the State—anybody who looks at the bill will see that.

Wright allowed in reply, and said they desired a militia because the experience of the past had taught them that a militia is necessary for a free State. He moved that the motion to indefinitely postpone be laid on the table.

Mr. Leslie called for the yeas and nays, which were ordered, and are as follows: Yeas—Messrs. Barber, Corbin, Greene, Hoyt, Hays, J. L. Linder, J. W. Linder, May, Nash, Rainey, Ross, Swails, Wright and Wimbush—14.

Nays—Messrs. Aram, Allen, Bieman, Foster, Hayes, Leslie, Reid and Rodgers—20.

So the motion to indefinitely postpone the further consideration of the bill was laid upon the table.

Twenty-two sections were then passed, after which the Senate adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE, on Friday, Whipple, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following report:

The Judiciary Committee, to whom was referred a resolution of inquiry as to what legislation is necessary to define duties of escheator, and whether any such law is needed, have the honor to report that they have carefully examined the laws of force on the subject in this State, and find them both ample and explicit as to the appointment, jurisdiction and duties of escheators.

The first section of an act entitled "An act to appoint escheators and to regulate escheats," fifth vol. Statutes at Large, page 47, taken in connection with the first section of an act entitled "An act to amend an act to appoint escheators and to regulate escheats," sixth vol. Statutes at Large, page 508, provide for the appointment by joint ballot of the Senate and House of Representatives of one escheator for each of the districts of this State, who shall continue in office four years, shall execute his office in proper person and not by deputy, and shall give bond with three good sureties for the faithful discharge of his duties.

These sections were read and approved, and the person who exercises the office of an escheator for any county who has not been regularly appointed for that county and entered bond as required by law. For further information reference is made to the aforementioned sections.

Brodie introduced the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Committee on Education be requested to prepare a bill to incorporate an academy named after the late Constitution Convention of South Carolina, authorizing the General Assembly to provide for appropriating the Citadel for educational purposes as soon as practicable.

Mr. Jones introduced the following concurrent resolution, which was adopted, and ordered to be sent to the Senate:

Resolved, by the Senate, the House of Representatives and the joint committee on the part of the Senate be appointed to investigate and report upon all matters connected with the management of the State Lunatic Asylum; to this end they shall have power to send for persons and papers, and to examine witnesses under oath.

The Senate, to-day, Saturday, were engaged in Executive session.

IN THE HOUSE, Mr. Tomlinson, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported the bill to incorporate an academy named after the late Constitution Convention of South Carolina, authorizing the General Assembly to provide for appropriating the Citadel for educational purposes as soon as practicable.

On motion of George Lee, the report was adopted, and the bill was read and ordered to be returned to the Senate.

Also, the following concurrent resolution, which was adopted and ordered to be sent to the Senate:

Resolved, by the House of Representatives, the Senate and the joint committee on the part of the House, be appointed to investigate and report upon all matters connected with the management of the State Lunatic Asylum; to this end they shall have power to send for persons and papers, and to examine witnesses under oath.

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ACTS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The following bills have passed both Houses of the General Assembly:

A BILL TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW IN RELATION TO RECORDING MORTGAGES AND TO REGULATE THE LITIGATION THEREOF."

Whereas, The office of the Secretary of State has been removed from the City of Charleston, and great inconvenience and delay has been caused by the provision of the act ratified on the 19th of December, A. D. 1843, which requires mortgages of personal property in Charleston County to be recorded in the office of the Secretary of State; to remedy which evil, and to amend that act, so much of the second section of the act of 1843, as requires mortgages of personal property in the County of Charleston to be recorded in the office of the Secretary of State, and the same is hereby repealed, and that from and after the passage of this act all such mortgages of personal property in Charleston County shall be recorded in the manner and within the time prescribed by said act for other counties of said State.

DEEDS RELATIVE TO SALES OF PROPERTY UNDER DECREE OF THE COURTS OF EQUITY AND CIRCUIT COURTS.

Enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, in General Assembly, and by the authority of the same:

SECTION 1. That from and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, it shall be the duty of the sheriffs of the several counties of the State to make sales of all property, real or personal, which may at any time before said date have been ordered to be sold under decrees of the Courts of Equity, and shall then and there be in force.

SECTION 2. It shall also be the duty of the sheriffs of the several counties of the State to make sales of all property, real or personal, which may at any time before said date have been ordered to be sold under decrees of the Courts of Equity, and shall then and there be in force.

SECTION 3. The commissions and fees allowed the said sheriffs on sales so made by this act shall be the same as those heretofore allowed the officers and commissioners in equity for the performance of such duties.

PAINTS, OILS, ETC.

CAMERON, BARKLEY & CO., NORTH-EAST CORNER Meeting and Cumberland Streets.

STEAM ENGINES

GRIST MILLS

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS, and MACHINERY.

ROOFING TIN.

500 BOXES 10 14x20 ROOFING T.N.

100 BOXES 10 14x20 ROOFING TIN.

100 BOXES 10 28x20 ROOFING TIN.

50 BOXES 10 42x20 ROOFING TIN.

25 BOXES 10 12x12

25 BOXES 10 14x20

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